

HOT WATER GUIDE FOR HOUSE CONSTRUCTION

Efficient decisions.





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What goes into the new house? Building a house means making the right decisions in good time. One of them we want to make simple for you. Your hot water supply! Comfortable, efficient and future-oriented. How? With electric instantaneous water heaters!



Electricity is getting "greener"



Separating heating and hot water

Renewable energy is steadily gaining importance, many areas of our daily life are electrified, we drive e-cars and e-bikes. Why not use regenerative energy for the hot water supply instead of limited fossil fuel sources? Almost half of electricity is already renewable.

The heating requirements of buildings are steadily decreasing. And providing 60 degrees Celsius only for hot water is a waste of energy. So it seems to make sense to separate the two systems.





Electric instant water heaters are the future

They are comfortable, space saving and offer instantly hot water. They heat the water to the desired temperature only when needed. Storing and distributing hot water in the house with inevitable heat loss is completely eliminated.

This means not generating losses and producing only what is what is actually needed. For this, we rely on green electricity!

Sustainable,

efficient and

economical

Replace old devices and plan for new ones

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So what are you waiting for? Become an energy saver and update your outdated technology. Include electric instantaneous water heaters when you start planning your next bathroom remodelling project.

Why actually use electricity for hot water generation?



Watch the company film:



We are thought experts in the field of decentralised hot water supply. The "E" in CLAGE is accentuated because it stands for efficiency! This is what we stand for as an owner-operated industrial company for more than 70 years. Our electric instantaneous water heaters are developed and produced in Lüneburg. Design, high comfort and an economical operation distinguish the devices. Highest quality standards are ensured in our modern production.





Made in Germany

What is the hot water requirement in the house?



Shower and bathroom

Would you have thought that?

One person consumes about 40 liters of hot water per day. With instantaneous water heaters, that's about 400 kWh per year, since no losses are generated. On average, we shower for 3–5 minutes, even though the process usually seems much longer to us. Here, too, we quickly want the personal "feelgood" temperature: just open the tap, without long setting and mixing.





At the kitchen sink, the need for hot water is manifold. Washing a pan, filling a glass of water, washing hands before preparing food, or cleaning fruit and vegetables. These are applications in the kitchen. With E-compact instantaneous water heaters, you can get your desired temperature at the touch of a button without mixing of cold water. In addition, E-compact instantaneous water heaters are also space-saving and therefore easy to install under the sink.





Most washbasins can be supplied by the other instantaneous water heaters. In the case of remote taps, e.g. in guest toilets, it makes sense to use a E-mini instantaneous water heater. It supplies the washbasin at the right temperature, hygienically and comfortably. Efficient 🕂 🗖 decisions

Hot water in the house construction

Which hot water supply would you choose?

Take a look at the comparison

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Short water lines.



Central – with high energy losses.



Decentral – energy efficient.



Water is heated directly at the tapping points as required. Only as much water is heated as is really needed. This saves energy and water!

Rethink now! Separate heating and hot water.

In the past, a central gas heating system was used for heating and hot water with the support of solar thermal energy. This required a gas connection and chimney. The boiler room had to be made larger, long waterways with circulation lines had to be run through the house for the hot water supply, and a large hot water buffer tank was needed. Gas heating also had to be used in the transition period or in the winter months when the solar thermal energy was insufficient. The provided hot water temperature

of 60 degree was far too high for normal use and the user had to mix cold water. In addition, the central heating could not be switched off in the summer due to the need for hot water. Today we question if all this is necessary. It is advisable to look at the actual use of hot water (see page 08).

Decentralised hot water supply with electric instantaneouswater heaters is the solution! Heating and hot water just don't fit together!

On the road to climate neutrality.

And one mor thing: The heating requirement of the building stock in Germany is steadily decreasing as a result of energy-efficient new construction and renovation. Another reason to separate heating and hot water from one another. This saves installation costs since no long hot water lines have to be laid and the heating system can be designed significantly smaller. Instantaneous water heaters heat only the water that is actually needed directly at the point of use.

The room heating runs separately with lower temperatures e.g. via a heat pump. This makes buildings independent of fossil fuels – an important step towards climate neutrality.







page 25

For kitchen, shower and bathroom E-module instantaneous water heater ISX

ISX. Hidden in the wall.



For the future of modular construction. You can't see, but you can feel. The ISX was developed as a fully electronically controlled instantaneous water heater. The ISX is designed for concealed/pre-wall installation and is equipped with state-of-the-art electronic safety systems. The smart device can be integrated into the building and energy management system via Modbus RTU / REST API. In this way, the ISX acts as an actuator in the higher-level system. If required, the power consumption of the ISX can be variably influenced. Of course, your ISX can also be easily controlled by remote control or smartphone.



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At the kitchen E-compact instantaneous water heater CFX-U

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CLAG

Don't wait any longer, wash up now.

Fosters energy-saving behavior

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Solar-ready,

suitable for

reheating

Smart

Control

-ready

✻



Installation options can be found on page 24

Our E-compact instantaneous water heaters make washing dishes, hands and cleaning fruit or vegetables comfortable by setting the optimum temperature. The CFX-U is the smart solution for energy-efficient hot water supply to the kitchen sink. The compact unit is installed under the sink to save space. This avoids distribution and heat losses. The remote control allows convenient temperature setting. The desired temperature can be preselected cost-efficiently and with degree precision.

21 35°C Washing ha 48°C 25°C Washing up Soothing drinking water (∦ Bluetooth remote control Watch the spot (included)





Watch the product video

Smart Solar-ready. suitable for Control reheating -readv (optional)

п

Bluetooth remote control (optional)

The water is not preheated, but heated directly at the sink. Wash hands quickly and easily at the perfect temperature. The MCX is also available as a set with a touchless tap - for optimal hygiene and comfort.

Concealed installation. Easy to use.



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E-compact instantaneous water heater CFX-U.

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Space saving!

Fits under any sink:

29 × 18 × 11 cm

In the kitchen, the compact unit disappears into the kitchen base cabinet thanks to its flat design. The temperature can be comfortably set via remote control or "Smart Control" app.

E-mini instantaneous water heater MCX.

Almost invisible! E-mini instantaneous water heaters are installed directly under the sink and are not visible from eye level. The units can also be installed in base cabinets to save space.



Tiny! Hides under any basin: 19 × 14 × 9 cm

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E-comfort instantaneous water heater DSX Touch.

One bath and many possibilities. E-comfort instantaneous water heaters are suitable for almost every bathroom. Whether on the wall at eye level, discreetly in the lower wall area for even shorter water lines, hidden in bathroom furniture or behind an inspection flap – the devices comfortably supply washbasins, showers and bathtubs.



Really slim! Has space in every bathroom: 47 × 24 × 10 cm

E-module instantaneous water heater ISX.

You see nothing. The ISX is installed in the pre-wall, in the utility room, in the service duct, or in the basement. More space for designing your rooms. The ISX can be operated by remote control, Smart Control application or via Modbus RTU or REST API through the building technology. For the future of modular building. You can't see it, but you can feel it.



Via smartphone or tablet. Our innovation for modern hot water control! The energy-saving instantaneous water heaters are installed concealed and the temperature can be comfortably regulated by smartphone, tablet or voice control. Individual consumption values can also be displayed. With the "Smart Control" app for iOS and Android, the entire hot water supply in your home can be controlled digitally.

Hidden installation! More space for designing your rooms: 40 × 28 × 10 cm

1 (38) + 1 (38) + 25

Calculated! No power guzzlers.



Sleep mode

Instantaneous water heaters have no energy losses due to circulation, distribution and storage of the water. But the devices are always ready!

+ Showering

4 min

 (\cdot)

8 l/min

Simply select desired temperature and set the lever to full temperature. The energy consumption depends on the inlet temperature, the desired temperature and the flow rate!

38°C

12°C

Inlet temp.

1 × daily

1 1 1 1 38 +

⇔CLACE



 $\rightarrow \frac{0 \text{ s}}{0 \text{ l/min}}$



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Thanks to flow heating, no warm water is stored, but heated directly in the flow. Advantage: Unlimited use at the optimal temperature.

Calculation formulas:





8 l/min × 4 min × 1.163 × 26 K =

8 i/min × 4 min × 1.163 × 26K = 967 Wh = **0.97 kWh**



🕂 Washing up

The device is waiting under the sink to be used. Regardless of whether it is a short pre-wash or a complete wash-up – the E-compact instantaneous water heater is always ready. Even in the distant guest toilet, the E-mini instantaneous water heater provides hot

+ Washing hands

water immediately.

Total Hot water consumption per person





406 kWh per year

5 l/min × 0.5 min × 2/d × 1.163 × 33 K = 191 Wh = **0.19 kWh** 2 l/min × 0.33 min × 4/d × 1.163 × 23K = 71 Wh = **0.07 kWh**

ightarrow Q [kWh] = (m ^x c ^x (t _{hot} – t _{cold})) / 1000 ightarrow Heat capacity water: c =1.163 Wh/kg ^x K

Calculated! No effort.



ightarrow Use utility room for other things



Avoid long long water lines

+

- ightarrow Installation directly at the tap
- \rightarrow No circulation line from the utility room (UTRM) to the tap.
- ightarrow No waiting, instantly at the right temperature

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 $\rightarrow~$ No "fiddling" with the tap, no mixing of hot water

+ Availability

- → Available all year round, even if the heating is switched off in summer
- ightarrow No matter how long you shower

No problem with the E-installation!

- \rightarrow When using heat pumps, e-cars, etc., 3 × 63A are common in single-family houses (apartment buildings \geq 3 × 80A) and are also completely sufficient for instantaneous water heaters.
- ightarrow In general, the electrical connection is not a problem for the electrician.
- ightarrow Even in larger buildings, a number of instantaneous water heaters can be installed.
- ightarrow The simultaneity factor is low due to the short usage times!

Do you of course also for also use state electric instantaneous water heaters subsidies?



Federal funding for efficient buildings in Germany. Overall measures to an efficient house

(new construction and renovation)

Within the overall measures, the electric instantaneous water heater is part of the building concept. Various efficiency house levels with decentralised hot water supply via electric instantaneous water heater are possible. A system combination to achieve high standard is, for example, an air-to-water heat pump for heating, one (or more) electric instantaneous water heater(s) for hot water, a ventilation system with heat recovery and a photovoltaic system with battery storage system.

Individual measures

(renovation)

Individual measures relate to renovation, e.g. replacement of the heating system. If the heating system is replaced, the decentralised hot water supply via electric instantaneous water heaters is also eligible for funding, e.g.:

- > 35% subsidy when replacing an old gas heating system with a heat pump with electronically controlled instantaneous water heaters.
- > Even 50% subsidy when homeowners replace a heating system that is at least 20 years old with a modern heating system.

Source: KfW 2024. BEG - Systems for heat generation. Status 01/24





Single-family house

Heat pump

The trend is towards instantaneous water heater!

In existing buildings, hot water is often still supplied by a fossil-fuelled gas heating system. In this centralised system, hot water is stored in the utility room. The distribution to the individual taps starts from here. For reasons of convenience, a circulation line is often installed. The permanent storage and distribution of hot water causes high energy losses.

In a decentralised system, hot water is produced close to the taps, just in time, and directly at the desired temperature. To reduce dependence on fossil fuels and to reduce energy losses and costs, pumps, the use of instantaneous water heaters it is also worthwhile to retrofit the hot water sup- is easy to realise and requires little investment. ply in existing buildings by decoupling it from



the central heating system and using instantaneous water heaters as a low-investment measure.

Switching to decentrally installed instantaneous water heaters makes you independent of fossil energy sources and saves on operating costs. The German Building Energy Law (GEG) regulates that 65% of heating systems should be powered by renewable energies in future. Electric instantaneous water heaters from CLAGE fulfil these requirements for hot water preparation without additional measures! Compared to heat See comparison on the right.

There are many options:

The choice of which system is used for space heating remains open in terms of technology. According to the GEG, a variety of energy-efficient system combinations are possible, e.g.

- > Connection to a (district) heating network
- > Installation of an electric heat pump (e.g. air-to-air heat pump, air-to-water heat pump, brine-to-water heat pump, water-to-water heat pump, ground source heat pump, hybrid heat pump)
- > Installation of direct electric heating in buildings with low heating requirements (e.g. infrared heating, heating mats, heating panels, underfloor heating, radiators, etc.)
- > Installation of biomass heating > Installation of hybrid heating
- (combination of heating with renewable energies and gas or oil boiler)

- > Heating based on solar thermal energy
- > Installation of gas heating (with conditions)

The advantages:

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- > The heating system can be designed smaller and works more efficiently if electric instantaneous water heaters heat the water separately to the desired temperature.
- > Up to 40% energy can be saved!
- > The heating system can be switched off in the summer.
- > Higher annual COP (Coefficient of Performance) of the heat pump and increased efficiency when combined with electric instantaneous water heaters
- > Electric instantaneous water heaters are subsidised under the subsidy programme.

*The comparison of operating costs was based on the example of the "Wohnen am Oelzepark" property. Only the hot water supply with guest WC, kitchen sink and bathroom was analysed.

Profitability comparison

Investment cost comparison

Centralised and decentralised water heating





Comparison of operating costs*



Water costs per unit (€/a) Energy costs per unit (€/a)



The advantages at a glance!



More green electricity, less CO₂

The amount of renewable energy in the electricity mix is growing as CO_2 emissions which are generated by burning fossil fuels are reduced. A decentralised hot water supply reduces CO_2 emissions by up to 35% compared to centralised gas or oil systems.



Always smart

0 0

Use funding

subsidy programs.

The future belongs to electric

instantaneous water heaters, so you

can benefit from various government

based on temperature needed and water volume)

Electronically controlled instantaneous water heaters react technology-based and without a learning phase exactly to the user's demand (real-time power control

Conserving water

That's pretty cool, right? No wasted water. Hot water is immediately available with electric instantaneous water heaters. It is not necessary to run water for a long time or mix cold water and too hot water to obtain the desired temperature. In centralised systems with 15 metres long water lines, for example, about 4.8 litres of water are wasted.



Downsize

space heating

Instantaneous water heaters make it possible to separate heating and hot water. In this way, you can also design your heating system smaller and also save on investment and consumption costs.

Climate-neutral

CLAGE has always focused on sustainable

products and environmentally friendly

actions. Since 2021, the devices have

been produced completely climate-

neutrally according to Scope 1 + 2.

production



Precise 1

Comfort in ideal temperature

On many units, each user can set his or her individual temperature preference precisely. Directly at the unit, by remote control or via app. This also provides more security by avoiding scalding accidents.



Lowering costs

Electronic instantaneous water heaters use up to 85% less energy than conventional storage heaters.



Instantly hot water

As soon as you open the tap, the water flows with your desired temperature. The water is only heated in the amount and for the time you actually need it. Due to short water lines and modern technology.



Short

Electric instantaneous water heaters

are installed directly at the point of use. Long water lines are avoided.

Water is heated more guickly and

there is barely any heat loss.

water lines

Energy efficiency

Electric instantaneous water heaters only heat the amount of water to the desired temperature that is currently required. Adding cold water to reduce the temperature is not necessary. The water is no longer preheated and stored in large amounts. That saves energy. Energy monitoring, real-time "eco" feedback, and the power save function also encourage energy-saving user behavior.

Space saving

With their small dimensions, Instantaneous water heaters fit everywhere. They also save a lot of space that a buffer tank would take up in a central system.

More hygiene

Electric instantaneous water heaters heat up the cold water to the perfect temperature within seconds, directly at the tap, as it flows through the unit. The heated water is used immediately and unused water is avoided in the water line systems. This is what makes decentralised water heating more hygienic and efficient.



What do I have to look out for in new construction and renovation?

For a climate-neutral building stock in 2045, fossil fuels such as oil and gas should be avoided and energy losses should be reduced to a minimum. Electrical house heating technology is suitable for this, such as the combination of a small heat pump for low heating requirements and electric instantaneouswater heaters for hot water supply without losses.

What does climate-neutral mean?

A building is climate-neutral if it does not influence the climate through its operation, i.e. no greenhouse gases are emitted or these are fully compensated for.

What contribution can a decentralised hot water supply make?

Instantaneous water heaters make their contribution to the energy transition through energy efficiency. Only the warm water that is actually needed is produced. It couldn't be more efficient! The devices are small and can be installed close to consumption. Depending on your needs, an electric water heater supplies the bathroom, for example, and another device the remote kitchen sink. The temperature is selected individually to the degree by remote control or voice control. Since the heating is no longer required for the hot water supply, it can be designed smaller and only needs to provide low flow temperatures. And instead of a solar thermal system for heating and hot water, a photovoltaic system for electricity generation can be better installed on the roof. Because electricity is always needed.

Is electricity as an energy source climate-friendly?

Electricity is becoming increasingly climate-friendly due to the rising share of renewable energies. Did you know that the proportion of renewable energies in the electricity mix is currently already more than 50%? If you want to be climate-neutral ahead of time, you can switch directly to a green electricity contract. Those who already rely on electricity as an energy source make themselves less dependent on fossil fuels and their building almost climate-neutral by 2045. The electric instantaneous water heaters from CLAGE are also produced with green electricity!

What does showering with an electric instantaneous water heater cost?

On average, we need about 40 litres of hot water per person per day. With instantaneous water heaters, that's about 400 kWh of useful energy per year. In addition, there is a decisive development: The electricity price is to be further relieved politically in the next few years. At the same time, the rising CO_2 price and the desire for independence from fuel imports are causing price levels on the fossil energy market to rise.



From a hygiene point of view, is decentralised hot water supply advantageous?

Decentralised instantaneous water heaters installed close to the tap are preferable from a hygienic point of view. Decentralised hot water heating avoids long hot water and circulation lines. The water-wetted area is reduced and stagnation is avoided - because water has to flow!

Does the house connection have to be specially adapted?

In general, the modern house connection is suitable for the use of electric instantaneous water heaters. Nevertheless, the design of the house connection should also be checked, for example, with regard to the use of electric heat pumps and the charging time of e-cars. Modern electric instantaneous water heaters are only used for a short time and therefore have only a low simultaneity factor.

Do I also get subsidies

See page 30

The federal subsidy for efficient buildings allows subsidies for individual and overall measures in Germany. In many countries the combination of renewable heating systems and decentralised hot water supply via instantaneous water heaters is eligible for funding in new construction and renovation. Please consult your local energy advisor.

And, already Decided?

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CLAGE GmbH Pirolweg 4 21337 Lüneburg Germany

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- ISO 9001 : 2015
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